

28 See previous note.

29 The earliest surviving part of St Martin's church is the western part of the chancel, largely built of Roman bricks. Leland (*L. T. S.* iv, 69) as usual calls them 'Briton brikes'. For a recent study of this church see *Med. Arch.* ix, 11-15 with plans p. 12. See also p. 48, nn. 16, 17; and *Arch. Journ.* cxxvi, 233-5; *B. of E., E. Kent*, pp. 232-4; *Lamb.*, p. 283.

30 The castle was built in the time of Henry II on the site of a Norman castle and for long was used as a county prison. In modern times it was used to store coal, but it has recently been restored. *Arch. Journ.* cxxvi, 238-9, with plan; *B. of E., E. Kent*, pp. 237-8.

31 i.e. before the Reformation.

32 Urban II held the papacy from 1088 until 1099. On his relationship with England see *Oxf. Hist.* III, 173f.

33 Both archbishops, of Canterbury and of York, are Primates, but the former is Primate of all England and the latter is Primate of England. A Metropolitan is a chief bishop.

34 Whitgift (1530?-1604) became Bishop of Worcester in 1577 and archbishop in 1583. At Croydon, Surrey, are a school and almshouse bearing his name and of his foundation. (See p. 19, nn. 30, 31, *Surrey*.) He was buried there in the parish church of St John where an alabaster monument to him still survives. *B. of E. Surrey*, p. 158.

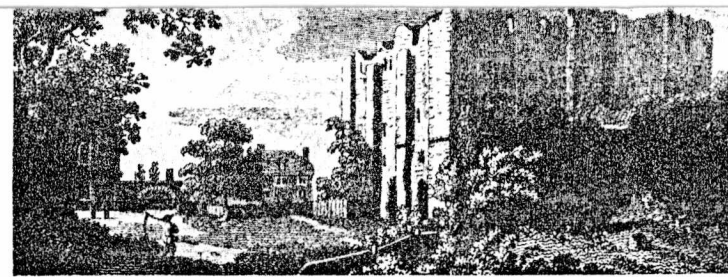
succeeding archbishops, and in memory of these seven, viz. Austin, Laurentius, Mellitus, Justus, Honorius, Deus-dedit,²⁵ and Theodosius,²⁶ these lines were inscribed in marble:

SEPTEM SUNT ANGLI PRIMATES ET PROTOPATRES,
SEPTEM RECTORES, SEPTEM CÆLOQUE TRIONES,²⁷
SEPTEM CISTERNÆ VITÆ, SEPTEMQUE LUCERNÆ,
ET SEPTEM PALMÆ REGNI, SEPTEMQUE CORONÆ:
SEPTEM SUNT STELLÆ, QUAS HÆC TENET ARCA CELLÆ.

Seven patriarch primates were to England given,
Seven rulers, now seven glorious starsⁿ of Heaven,
Fountains of life and beaming glories seven,
As many palms, as many crowns of Heaven;
As many stars that once with radiance shin'd
Are here within this vaulted cell inshrin'd.

I need not enlarge on the other church adjoining to this, which, according to Bede,^o was built by the Romans, and dedicated to St. Martin, in which, before the coming of Austin, Bertha of the royal blood of the Franks wife of Ethelbert used to attend Christian worship.²⁹ Of the castle on the south side of the city, whose battlements are now decaying apace,³⁰ nothing memorable occurs, except that it was built by the Normans. Of the dignity of the see of Canterbury, which was antiently by far the largest, I shall only observe, that, as in former ages, during the Roman hierarchy,³¹ the archbishops of Canterbury were primates of all Britain, legates of the Pope, and as it were, as Urban II.³² called them, "patriarchs of another world;" so when the Pope's authority was annulled it was decreed in a council held 1534, that they should lay aside that title, and be called *Primates and Metropolitans of all England*.³³ This dignity was lately enjoyed by the right reverend father in Christ John Whitgift,³⁴ who having dev

* A.D. 604.
n. laborers. G. 28
o. Ib. I. 26.



Canterbury Castle in 1761, engraved by Ellis after Francis Grose

whole life and labours to God and the church, to the great grief of all good men fell asleep in Christ, A.D. 1604. He was succeeded by Richard Bancroft,³⁵ a prelate of great firmness of mind and extensive experience in all matters relative to discipline and government of the church. The latitude of Canterbury is $51^{\circ} 16''$; its longitude $24^{\circ} 51''$.³⁶

The Stour,³⁷ having now collected its waters into one stream, passes by *Hackington*,³⁸ where Lora, countess of Leicester, a most respectable lady of her age, renouncing the pleasures of the world, secluded herself from all society to serve God alone.³⁹ At this time Baldwin, archbishop of Canterbury, began here a church in honour of St. Stephen and Thomas of Canterbury, but, being prevented by the Pope's authority, least it should prejudice the monks of Canterbury, he desisted from his design.⁴⁰ The place retained the name of St. Stephen ever since,⁴¹ and sir Roger *Manwood*, knight, chief baron of the exchequer, eminent for his knowledge in our municipal law,⁴² to whose bounty the poor inhabitants are

35 Bancroft (1544-1610), having been Whitgift's chaplain, was made Bishop of London in 1597 and archbishop in 1604. He was buried in Lambeth parish church where he is commemorated by an inscribed stone let into the chancel floor.

36 Mercator's *Atlas* of 1595 gives a longitude of $c. 22^{\circ} 10'$ for Canterbury. On the modern map Canterbury is at Long. $c. 1^{\circ} 5'$, Lat. $c. 51^{\circ} 16' N$, which is a reckoning based on a prime meridian through Greenwich,

Cambridge, and all which, though the latitudes from each other... In no agreement of What then could mathematicians is no variation of Azores, I have the longitude fr first meridian, exactness.

37 On this riv n. 70.

38 Hackington spot on the ed *E. Kent*, p. 236

39 'Respectab of respect'.

40 Baldwin (Abbots of For Bishop of We becoming pri into conflict w Christ Church the greatest cr that house. *La account of the Order in Engla (L. T. S. v, 216) Gervase of Ca effect as the p*

41 From the Norman chur

42 Sir Roger offices in Kent Hastings and in Parliament granted him t Stephen's, Ha last year of hi before the Pri malpractices. monument is *B. of E., E. Ken*